

### Introduction

### Flanders Environment Agency

Monitoring of waterways





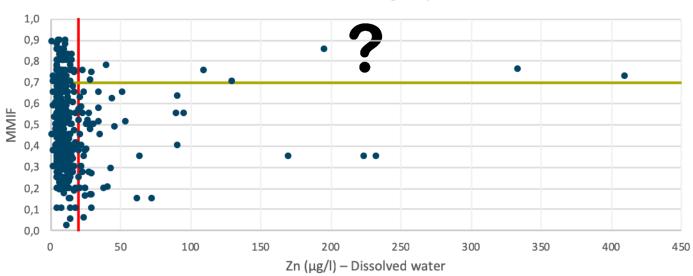
#### Multimetric Macroinvertebrate Index Flanders

- Taxa richness
- # EPT-taxa
- # Sensitive taxa
- Shannon-Wiener diversity
- Mean tolerance



# **Research question**





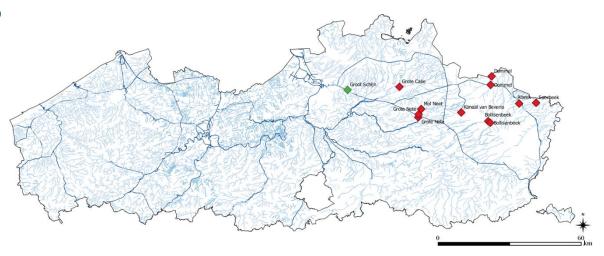
## Hypothesis:

- Adaptation
- Water chemistry (DOC,...)
- Combination

### **Material and methods**

#### VMM files 2010 – 2015

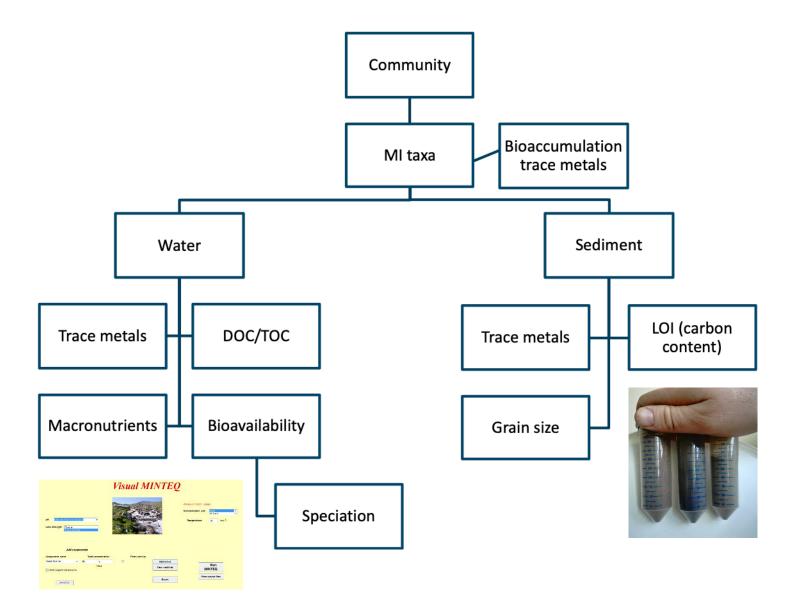
- Selection of locations
  - > EQS (diss)
  - MMIF ≥ 0,7 (90 d)
  - 12 (incl. 1 ref)



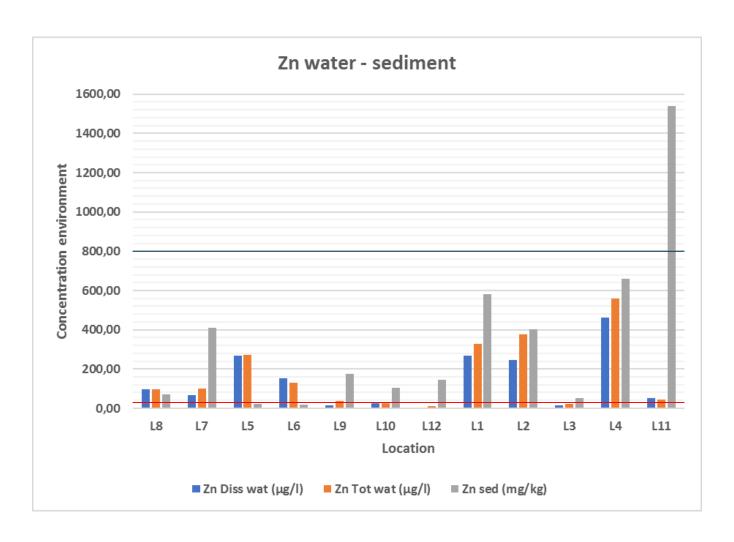
#### Collected macroinvertebrates

- Handnet or artificial substrate
- Sorting & identification
- MMIF

### **Material and methods**

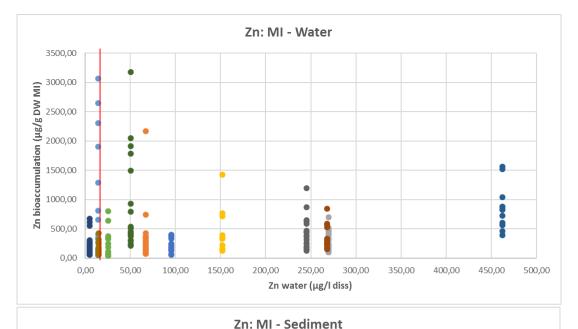


# **Results – Water / Sediment**



EQS water \_\_\_\_\_ EQS sediment\_\_\_\_\_

## **Results - MI bioaccumulation**



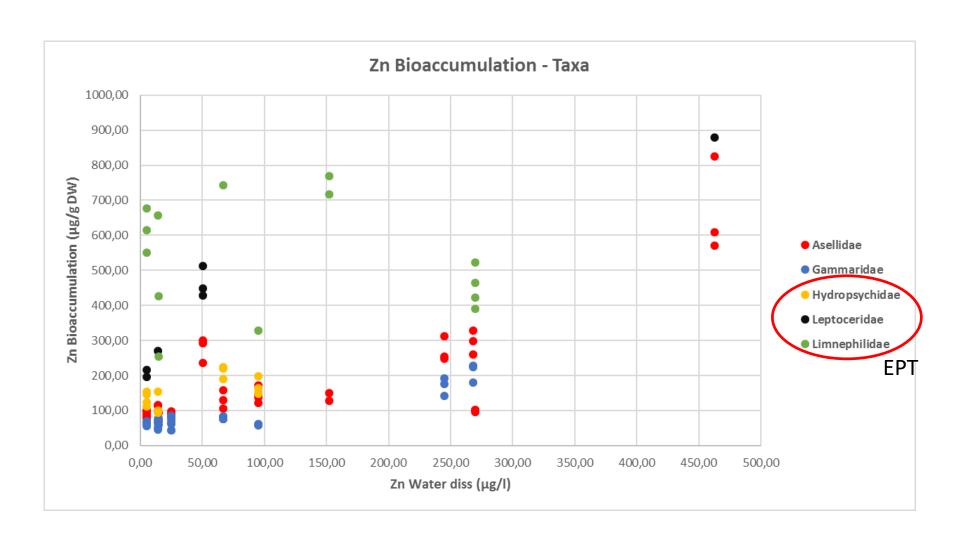
3500,00 3000,00 2500,00 1500,00 1000,00 0,00 200,00 400,00 600,00 800,00 1000,00 1200,00 1400,00 1600,00 1800,00

Zn sediment (mg/kg DW)

EQS water

**EQS** sediment

### **Dissolved Zn vs taxa**



# **Preliminary conclusions**

#### Taxa are quite different in their accumulation

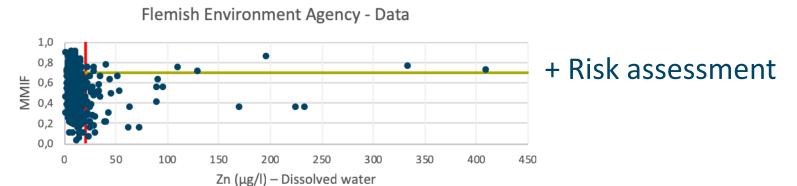
- Biological reasons
- Water/sediment association

#### Expectations

- Community => bioavailability logical reason
- Adaptation seems to be more likely (for now)



#### Next step:



## **Policy**



**Understanding?** 



### Transparency

- Science EQS for priority substances WFD
- Policy unstraightforward and complex research results

## Larger frameworks and Joint-Research

- Incorporation into legislation
- O&L → International masters
  - Impact

